



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

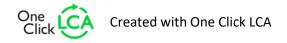
IN ACCORDANCE WITH EN 15804+A2 & ISO 14025 / ISO 21930

Terrain Fuze HDPE Bend - 110mm Black Polypipe Building Services



EPD HUB, HUB-2947

Published on 07.02.2025, last updated on 07.02.2025, valid until 06.02.2030









GENERAL INFORMATION

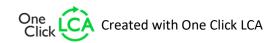
MANUFACTURER

| Manufacturer | Polypipe Building Services |
|-----------------|---|
| Address | College Road, New Hythe Business Park, Aylesford, Kent, ME20 7PJ, United Kingdom |
| Contact details | commercialenquiries@polypipe.com |
| Website | www.polypipe.com/commercial-building- services |

EPD STANDARDS, SCOPE AND VERIFICATION

| Program operator | EPD Hub, hub@epdhub.com |
|--------------------|---|
| Reference standard | EN 15804+A2:2019 and ISO 14025 |
| PCR | EPD Hub Core PCR Version 1.1, 5 Dec 2023 |
| Sector | Construction product |
| Category of EPD | Private EPD |
| Scope of the EPD | Cradle to gate with options, A4-A5, and modules C1-C4, D |
| EPD author | Nigel Delo, Chris Goodwin, Giles Coombes, Andrew Croft and Dylan Stoppard |
| EPD verification | Independent verification of this EPD and data, according to ISO 14025: ☐ Internal verification ☐ External verification |
| EPD verifier | Haiha Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited |

The manufacturer has the sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. EPDs within the same product category but from different programs may not be comparable. EPDs of construction products may not be comparable if



they do not comply with EN 15804 and if they are not compared in a building context.

PRODUCT

| Product name | Terrain Fuze HDPE Bend - 110mm Black |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Additional labels | 901.40.92B, 901.50.92B, 901.56.92B, 901.75.92B, 901.160.92B, 901.40.135B, 901.50.135B, 901.56.135B, 901.75.135B, 901.110.135B, 901.160.135B, 901.110.92RB |
| Product reference | 901.110.92B |
| Place of production | Aylesford, United Kingdom |
| Period for data | Calendar year 2023 |
| Averaging in EPD | No averaging |
| Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3 | 0% |

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SUMMARY

| Declared unit | 1x Terrain Fuze HDPE Bend - 110mm Black |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Declared unit mass | 0.27 kg |
| GWP-fossil, A1-A3 (kgCO₂e) | 8,05E-01 |
| GWP-total, A1-A3 (kgCO₂e) | 6,66E-01 |
| Secondary material, inputs (%) | 0.31 |
| Secondary material, outputs (%) | 73 |
| Total energy use, A1-A3 (kWh) | 3.69 |

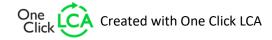




Part of the GROUP

Net freshwater use, A1-A3 (m³)

0.01









PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER

ABOUT THE MANUFACTURER

Polypipe Building Services is a UK manufacturer of plastic piping systems for water management and supply systems, servicing the commercial and industrial sectors of the UK construction Industry.

Part of the Genuit Group, we aim to help create a better built environment by developing and producing sustainable solutions to the key challenges in water, climate, and ventilation management.

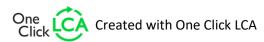
Polypipe Building Services are specialists in providing engineered above ground drainage and supply systems, leveraging offsite fabrication to design and deliver solutions to mechanical and public health engineers, M&E contractors as well as local authorities. Polypipe Building Services houses the industry leading brand Terrain drainage systems and has been delivering solutions to commercial, multiple occupancy residential, healthcare, education, and leisure projects for over 60 years.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A modern high-density polyethylene system with many advantages over cast iron and other traditional systems. Terrain FUZE is a top-to-bottom solution for all above ground drainage and many chemical waste applications.

Utilising the intrinsic properties of high-density polyethylene, Terrain FUZE offers greater benefits above and beyond more traditional materials and performs significantly better when tested for impact and abrasion resistance, chemical corrosion and extreme temperatures. The lightweight nature of Terrain FUZE allows the product to be installed quickly and efficiently, giving direct, resource-saving benefits to specifiers and installers.

Terrain FUZE is available as a comprehensive range of pipe sizes and fittings



and is ideal for all commercial above ground drainage installations. Terrain FUZE is also highly suited for fabrication and, when working with the Polypipe Advantage offsite fabrication service, can be used to develop highly customised solutions that fit the precise requirements of any project.

Further information can be found at www.polypipe.com/commercial-building-services.

PRODUCT RAW MATERIAL MAIN COMPOSITION

| Raw material category | Amount, mass % | Material origin |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Metals | 0 | |
| Minerals | 0 | |
| Fossil materials | 100 | EU |
| Bio-based materials | 0 | |

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT

Product's biogenic carbon content at the factory gate

| Biogenic carbon content in product, kg C | 0 |
|--|---------|
| Biogenic carbon content in packaging, kg C | 0.03791 |





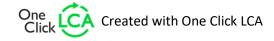


FUNCTIONAL UNIT AND SERVICE LIFE

| Declared unit | 1x Terrain Fuze HDPE Bend - 110mm Black |
|------------------------|--|
| Mass per declared unit | 0.27 kg |
| Functional unit | - |
| Reference service life | 50 Years |

SUBSTANCES, REACH - VERY HIGH CONCERN

The product does not contain any REACH SVHC substances in amounts greater than 0,1 % (1000 ppm).









PRODUCT LIFE-CYCLE

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD covers the life-cycle modules listed in the following table.

| Pro | duct st | tage | | mbly age | | | U | se sta | ge | | | Ei | nd of l | ife stag | ge | 9 | Beyond the system boundaries | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|-----|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|----------|-------|------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| A1 | A2 | А3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | В4 | В5 | В6 | В7 | C1 | C2 | СЗ | C4 | D | | | | | |
| × | × | × | × | × | MD | MD | MND | MD | MND | MND | MND | × | × | × | × | | | | | | |
| Raw materials | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport | Assembly | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational energy use | Operational water use | Deconstruction/ demolition | Transport | Waste processing | Disposal | Reuse | Recovery | Recycling | | | |

Modules not declared = MND. Modules not relevant = MNR

MANUFACTURING AND PACKAGING (A1-A3)

The environmental impacts considered for the product stage cover the manufacturing of raw materials used in the production as well as packaging materials and other ancillary materials. Also, fuels used by machines, and handling of waste formed in the production processes at the manufacturing facilities are included in this stage. The study also considers the material losses occurring during the manufacturing processes as well as losses during electricity transmission.

Raw material pellets are manufactured into a final product via a Moulding machine. The product is then placed into a cardboard carton, taped and One Click LCA Created with One Click LCA

placed onto a wooden pallet.

Electricity consumed is split between renewable energy via wind turbines (32% supported by a Renewable Energy Guarantee of Origin - REGO) and 68% by an onsite Combined Heat and Energy Plant - CHP. Production scrap along with headwaste that cannot be reprocessed on site is sent to local waste processing (A3).

TRANSPORT AND INSTALLATION (A4-A5)

Transportation impacts occurred from final products delivery to construction site (A4) cover fuel direct exhaust emissions, environmental impacts of fuel production, as well as related infrastructure emissions.

The average transport distance to builders merchants (319km) and from builders merchants to site of installation (40km). This was calculated using a comprehensive sample of products shipped throughout 2023. This could vary depending on location of builders merchants and installation. All vehicles used are to Euro 5 standard and use HVO biodiesel. There are no losses associated with transport because the product is wrapped and secured effectively. Volume capacity utilisation is assumed to be that for packaged products.

The installation of the declared unit requires the use of a forklift truck to take the product from the vehicle on to site ready for installation. The jointing method used is butt welding.

At Polypipe Building Services we offer a collection and recovery service for product and packaging through our distribution channel, for all plastic waste, which can then be recycled and reused at our Aylesford site. However, we realise that not everyone will use this and therefore the reality is that some of our product and packaging will become part of the general site waste.







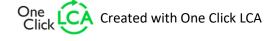
PRODUCT USE AND MAINTENANCE (B1-B7)

This EPD does not cover the use phase. Air, soil, and water impacts during the use phase have not been studied.

PRODUCT END OF LIFE (C1-C4, D)

As part of the deconstruction process it is assumed that diesel powered equipment would be used to transport the product around the site. This would vary depending on the deconstruction methodology. C2 has been modelled using secondary data of waste processing facilities across the UK which all fall within a 50km distance. End of life scenarios have been modelled against Plastics Europe 2021 data due to a lack of verified product specific end-of-life data, the following scenario was used 24% recycled, 49% energy recovery, 27% landfill.

Due to the recycling and incineration potential of HDPE, the end-of-life product is converted into the recycled HDPE while energy and heat is produced from its incineration. The benefits and loads of waste packaging materials in A5 are also considered in module D.

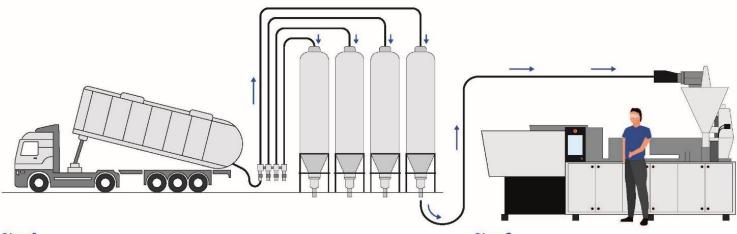








MANUFACTURING PROCESS



Step 1

Raw material is delivered to our factory on a tanker and deposited into our silos.



Fitting are made by raw material being fed via the hopper where the material is passed through a screw and barrel into a moulding machine, where the material is moulded into shape and then cooled.

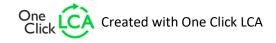


Step 3Once produced, Terrain fittings are palletised and stored on site.



Step 4

The product is then loaded onto a lorry and dispatched.









LIFE-CYCLE ASSESSMENT

CUT-OFF CRITERIA

The LCA includes all industrial processes from raw material acquisition to production, distribution, installation and end-of-life stages. The study includes modules A1-A3, A4, A5, C1-C4 and D modules, and does not exclude any modules or processes which are stated mandatory in the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 and the applied PCR.

The stage-specific total neglected input and output flows do not exceed 5% of energy usage.

The study includes hazardous materials, substances and raw material. All inputs and outputs of the unit processes, for which data is available, are included in the calculation.

The production of capital equipment, construction activities, and infrastructure, maintenance and operation of capital equipment, personnel-related activities and energy related to company management and sales activities are excluded.

ALLOCATION, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Allocation is required if some material, energy, and waste data cannot be measured separately for the product under investigation. All allocations are done as per the reference standards and the applied PCR. In this study, allocation has been done in the following ways:

| Data type | Allocation |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Raw materials | No allocation |
| Packaging material | No allocation |
| Ancillary materials | Allocated by mass or volume |
| Manufacturing energy and waste | Allocated by mass or volume |

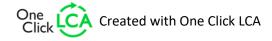
AVERAGES AND VARIABILITY

| Type of average | No averaging |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|
| Averaging method | Not applicable |
| Variation in GWP-fossil for A1-A3 | 0 % |

This EPD is product and factory specific and does not contain average calculations.

LCA SOFTWARE AND BIBLIOGRAPHY

This EPD has been created using One Click LCA EPD Generator. The LCA and EPD have been prepared according to the reference standards and ISO 14040/14044. The EPD Generator uses Ecoinvent v3.8, Plastics Europe, Federal LCA Commons and One Click LCA databases as sources of environmental data.







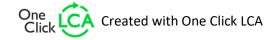


ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT DATA

CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | D |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| GWP – total ¹⁾ | kg CO₂e | 5,76E-01 | 1,98E-02 | 7,07E-02 | 6,66E-01 | 2,07E-02 | 1,43E-01 | MND | 1,85E-04 | 1,27E-03 | 2,78E-01 | 1,28E-01 | -2,04E-01 |
| GWP – fossil | kg CO₂e | 5,76E-01 | 1,98E-02 | 2,10E-01 | 8,05E-01 | 2,08E-02 | 3,80E-03 | MND | 1,85E-04 | 1,27E-03 | 2,78E-01 | 1,28E-01 | -2,10E-01 |
| GWP – biogenic | kg CO₂e | 0,00E+00 | 1,44E-06 | -1,39E-01 | -1,39E-01 | -4,72E-05 | 1,39E-01 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,50E-03 |
| GWP – LULUC | kg CO₂e | 1,73E-04 | 7,77E-06 | 2,53E-04 | 4,34E-04 | 8,22E-06 | 1,44E-06 | MND | 1,85E-08 | 4,67E-07 | 7,67E-06 | 9,07E-07 | -2,07E-04 |
| Ozone depletion pot. | kg CFC-11e | 1,23E-08 | 4,58E-09 | 1,84E-08 | 3,53E-08 | 4,74E-09 | 2,86E-10 | MND | 3,96E-11 | 2,91E-10 | 5,05E-10 | 3,36E-10 | -7,89E-08 |
| Acidification potential | mol H⁺e | 2,04E-03 | 6,31E-05 | 3,35E-04 | 2,44E-03 | 6,20E-05 | 1,61E-05 | MND | 1,93E-06 | 5,36E-06 | 7,03E-05 | 2,39E-05 | -1,15E-03 |
| EP-freshwater ²⁾ | kg Pe | 8,82E-06 | 1,47E-07 | 3,06E-06 | 1,20E-05 | 1,63E-07 | 5,23E-08 | MND | 6,14E-10 | 1,04E-08 | 2,08E-07 | 2,23E-08 | -1,14E-05 |
| EP-marine | kg Ne | 3,54E-04 | 1,46E-05 | 1,38E-04 | 5,07E-04 | 1,44E-05 | 1,13E-05 | MND | 8,52E-07 | 1,59E-06 | 3,47E-05 | 1,12E-05 | -1,69E-04 |
| EP-terrestrial | mol Ne | 3,88E-03 | 1,62E-04 | 1,15E-03 | 5,20E-03 | 1,48E-04 | 5,64E-05 | MND | 9,35E-06 | 1,76E-05 | 3,28E-04 | 1,15E-04 | -1,85E-03 |
| POCP ("smog") ³) | kg NMVOCe | 1,91E-03 | 5,79E-05 | 3,32E-04 | 2,30E-03 | 5,27E-05 | 1,70E-05 | MND | 2,57E-06 | 5,63E-06 | 8,33E-05 | 3,42E-05 | -5,89E-04 |
| ADP-minerals & metals ⁴) | kg Sbe | 3,90E-06 | 6,54E-08 | 5,50E-07 | 4,52E-06 | 7,27E-08 | 1,17E-08 | MND | 9,39E-11 | 2,97E-09 | 7,35E-08 | 7,17E-09 | -2,69E-06 |
| ADP-fossil resources | MJ | 2,02E+01 | 2,96E-01 | 3,17E+00 | 2,36E+01 | 3,05E-01 | 5,65E-02 | MND | 2,49E-03 | 1,90E-02 | 6,79E-02 | 2,73E-02 | -4,60E+00 |
| Water use ⁵⁾ | m³e depr. | 2,74E-01 | 1,37E-03 | 4,21E-02 | 3,17E-01 | 1,59E-03 | 1,87E-03 | MND | 6,70E-06 | 8,51E-05 | 1,01E-02 | 3,54E-03 | -1,21E-01 |

¹⁾ GWP = Global Warming Potential; 2) EP = Eutrophication potential. Required characterisation method and data are in kg P-eq. Multiply by 3,07 to get PO4e; 3) POCP = Photochemical ozone formation; 4) ADP = Abiotic depletion potential; 5) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Abiotic depletion and Water use and optional indicators except Particulate matter and Ionizing radiation, human health. The results of these environmental impact indicators shall be used with care as the uncertainties on these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.









ADDITIONAL (OPTIONAL) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT INDICATORS – EN 15804+A2, PEF

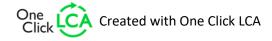
| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | А3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | В7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | D |
|----------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Particulate matter | Incidence | 2,04E-08 | 1,77E-09 | 2,18E-08 | 4,39E-08 | 1,71E-09 | 2,57E-10 | MND | 5,16E-11 | 1,46E-10 | 6,37E-10 | 4,82E-10 | -8,79E-09 |
| Ionizing radiation ⁶⁾ | kBq U235e | 3,81E-02 | 1,52E-03 | 9,62E-03 | 4,92E-02 | 1,59E-03 | 2,38E-04 | MND | 1,15E-05 | 9,06E-05 | 4,12E-04 | 1,04E-04 | -4,60E-02 |
| Ecotoxicity (freshwater) | CTUe | 3,14E+00 | 2,52E-01 | 2,32E+00 | 5,71E+00 | 2,59E-01 | 6,43E-02 | MND | 1,50E-03 | 1,71E-02 | 5,21E-01 | 1,20E-01 | -3,38E+00 |
| Human toxicity, cancer | CTUh | 1,72E-10 | 7,32E-12 | 5,98E-10 | 7,78E-10 | 7,83E-12 | 2,95E-12 | MND | 5,74E-14 | 4,20E-13 | 2,60E-11 | 1,97E-11 | -1,19E-10 |
| Human tox. non-cancer | CTUh | 3,70E-09 | 2,47E-10 | 1,38E-09 | 5,32E-09 | 2,58E-10 | 9,05E-11 | MND | 1,08E-12 | 1,69E-11 | 8,96E-10 | 2,43E-10 | -3,76E-09 |
| SQP ⁷⁾ | - | 5,31E-01 | 2,43E-01 | 9,15E+00 | 9,92E+00 | 2,33E-01 | 2,93E-02 | MND | 3,24E-04 | 2,19E-02 | 7,08E-02 | 2,84E-02 | -8,43E-01 |

6) EN 15804+A2 disclaimer for Ionizing radiation, human health. This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low-dose ionizing radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionizing radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator; 7) SQP = Land use related impacts/soil quality.

USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|------------------------------------|------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Renew. PER as energy ⁸⁾ | MJ | 3,42E-01 | 4,06E-03 | 1,59E+00 | 1,94E+00 | 5,38E-03 | 7,01E-03 | MND | 1,43E-05 | 2,14E-04 | 4,57E-03 | 5,01E-04 | -4,45E-01 |
| Renew. PER as material | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,21E+00 | 1,21E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -1,21E+00 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 7,76E-02 |
| Total use of renew. PER | MJ | 3,42E-01 | 4,06E-03 | 2,80E+00 | 3,15E+00 | 5,38E-03 | -1,21E+00 | MND | 1,43E-05 | 2,14E-04 | 4,57E-03 | 5,01E-04 | -3,67E-01 |
| Non-re. PER as energy | MJ | 7,92E+00 | 2,96E-01 | 3,10E+00 | 1,13E+01 | 3,05E-01 | 5,65E-02 | MND | 2,49E-03 | 1,90E-02 | 6,79E-02 | 2,73E-02 | -3,20E+00 |
| Non-re. PER as material | MJ | 1,23E+01 | 0,00E+00 | -7,40E-01 | 1,15E+01 | 0,00E+00 | -6,27E-02 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | -3,90E+00 | -7,57E+00 | -7,37E-03 |
| Total use of non-re. PER | MJ | 2,02E+01 | 2,96E-01 | 2,36E+00 | 2,28E+01 | 3,05E-01 | -6,19E-03 | MND | 2,49E-03 | 1,90E-02 | -3,83E+00 | -7,54E+00 | -3,21E+00 |
| Secondary materials | kg | 8,46E-04 | 9,60E-05 | 2,98E-02 | 3,07E-02 | 1,03E-04 | 2,86E-05 | MND | 9,76E-07 | 5,28E-06 | 2,67E-04 | 2,28E-05 | 6,82E-02 |
| Renew. secondary fuels | MJ | 7,75E-06 | 1,04E-06 | 3,14E-02 | 3,14E-02 | 1,13E-06 | 2,00E-07 | MND | 3,19E-09 | 5,33E-08 | 1,90E-06 | 1,88E-07 | -3,46E-05 |
| Non-ren. secondary fuels | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Use of net fresh water | m³ | 7,08E-03 | 3,78E-05 | 1,94E-03 | 9,06E-03 | 4,29E-05 | 1,11E-05 | MND | 1,51E-07 | 2,46E-06 | 3,05E-05 | 1,76E-05 | -3,37E-03 |

8) PER = Primary energy resources.









END OF LIFE – WASTE

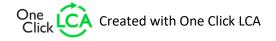
| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|---------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Hazardous waste | kg | 1,34E-02 | 3,50E-04 | 8,23E-03 | 2,20E-02 | 3,60E-04 | 2,56E-04 | MND | 3,34E-06 | 2,52E-05 | 8,40E-04 | 8,76E-04 | -1,45E-02 |
| Non-hazardous waste | kg | 3,76E-01 | 6,09E-03 | 8,04E-02 | 4,63E-01 | 6,24E-03 | 4,96E-02 | MND | 2,35E-05 | 4,15E-04 | 1,03E-02 | 6,13E-02 | -5,53E-01 |
| Radioactive waste | kg | 1,20E-05 | 2,02E-06 | 8,88E-06 | 2,29E-05 | 2,09E-06 | 4,74E-07 | MND | 1,76E-08 | 1,27E-07 | 1,56E-07 | 1,25E-07 | -1,41E-05 |

END OF LIFE - OUTPUT FLOWS

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
|--------------------------|------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Components for re-use | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for recycling | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 4,30E-02 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 6,48E-02 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Materials for energy rec | kg | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 2,34E-02 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,32E-01 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |
| Exported energy | MJ | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,27E-01 | MND | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 1,08E+00 | 0,00E+00 | 0,00E+00 |

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – EN 15804+A1, CML / ISO 21930

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | В7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | D |
|----------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| Global Warming Pot. | kg CO₂e | 5,46E-01 | 1,96E-02 | 1,96E-01 | 7,62E-01 | 2,06E-02 | 8,12E-03 | MND | 1,83E-04 | 1,25E-03 | 6,42E-03 | 1,27E-01 | -2,03E-01 |
| Ozone depletion Pot. | kg CFC-11e | 1,07E-08 | 3,63E-09 | 1,50E-08 | 2,94E-08 | 3,75E-09 | 2,31E-10 | MND | 3,14E-11 | 2,31E-10 | 2,46E-10 | 2,74E-10 | -7,81E-08 |
| Acidification | kg SO₂e | 1,70E-03 | 5,09E-05 | 2,40E-04 | 2,00E-03 | 5,01E-05 | 1,23E-05 | MND | 1,37E-06 | 4,17E-06 | 3,65E-05 | 1,70E-05 | -9,66E-04 |
| Eutrophication | kg PO ₄ ³e | 4,33E-04 | 1,12E-05 | 1,94E-04 | 6,37E-04 | 1,17E-05 | 1,03E-04 | MND | 3,18E-07 | 9,49E-07 | 2,62E-05 | 3,75E-04 | -4,15E-04 |
| POCP ("smog") | kg C₂H₄e | 1,74E-04 | 2,39E-06 | 2,43E-05 | 2,00E-04 | 2,44E-06 | 1,51E-06 | MND | 3,00E-08 | 1,63E-07 | 1,60E-06 | 3,64E-06 | -4,94E-05 |
| ADP-elements | kg Sbe | 3,90E-06 | 6,38E-08 | 5,06E-07 | 4,47E-06 | 7,10E-08 | 1,14E-08 | MND | 9,25E-11 | 2,88E-09 | 6,32E-08 | 6,49E-09 | -2,31E-06 |
| ADP-fossil | MJ | 2,02E+01 | 2,96E-01 | 2,94E+00 | 2,34E+01 | 3,05E-01 | 4,35E-02 | MND | 2,49E-03 | 1,90E-02 | 3,95E-02 | 2,73E-02 | -4,59E+00 |





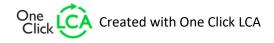




ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS – GWP-GHG - THE INTERNATIONAL EPD SYSTEM

| Impact category | Unit | A1 | A2 | А3 | A1-A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | С3 | C4 | D |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| GWP-GHG ⁹⁾ | kg CO₂e | 5,76E-01 | 1,98E-02 | 1,97E-01 | 7,92E-01 | 2,08E-02 | 3,80E-03 | MND | 1,85E-04 | 1,27E-03 | 4,55E-03 | 1,28E-01 | -2,10E-01 |

9) This indicator includes all greenhouse gases excluding biogenic carbon dioxide uptake and emissions and biogenic carbon stored in the product as defined by IPCC AR 5 (IPCC 2013). In addition, the characterisation factors for the flows - CH4 fossil, CH4 biogenic and Dinitrogen monoxide - were updated in line with the guidance of IES PCR 1.2.5 Annex 1. This indicator is identical to the GWP-total of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 except that the characterization factor for biogenic CO2 is set to zero.





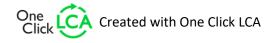


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ANNEX:

PRODUCT SCALING

| TERRAIN FUZE HDPE BENDS (mm) | WEIGHT (kg) | SCALING FACTOR (multiple of) | A1-A3 GWP FOSSIL (kg/CO2e) |
|------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 40 (92°) | 0.043 | 0.159 | 0.13 |
| 40 (135°) | 0.03 | 0.252 | 0.18 |
| 50 (92°) | 0.055 | 0.204 | 0.16 |
| 50 (135°) | 0.046 | 0.170 | 0.12 |
| 56 (92°) | 0.062 | 0.230 | 0.18 |
| 56 (135°) | 0.053 | 0.196 | 0.14 |
| 75 (92°) | 0.121 | 0.448 | 0.35 |
| 75 (135°) | 0.076 | 0.281 | 0.20 |
| 110 (92°) | 0.270 | 1.000 | 0.79 |
| 110 (135°) | 0.194 | 0.719 | 0.71 |
| 110 (long radius) | 0.539 | 1.996 | 1.58 |
| 160 (92°) | 0.660 | 2.444 | 1.93 |
| 160 (135°) | 0.468 | 1.733 | 1.23 |









VERIFICATION STATEMENT

VERIFICATION PROCESS FOR THIS EPD

This EPD has been verified in accordance with ISO 14025 by an independent, third-party verifier by reviewing results, documents and compliancy with reference standard, ISO 14025 and ISO 14040/14044, following the process and checklists of the program operator for:

- This Environmental Product Declaration
- The Life-Cycle Assessment used in this EPD
- The digital background data for this EPD

Why does verification transparency matter? Read more online This EPD has been generated by One Click LCA EPD generator, which has been verified and approved by the EPD Hub.

THIRD-PARTY VERIFICATION STATEMENT

I hereby confirm that, following detailed examination, I have not established any relevant deviations by the studied Environmental Product Declaration (EPD), its LCA and project report, in terms of the data collected and used in the LCA calculations, the way the LCA-based calculations have been carried out, the presentation of environmental data in the EPD, and other additional environmental information, as present with respect to the procedural and methodological requirements in ISO 14025:2010 and reference standard.

I confirm that the company-specific data has been examined as regards plausibility and consistency; the declaration owner is responsible for its factual integrity and legal compliance.

I confirm that I have sufficient knowledge and experience of construction products, this specific product category, the construction industry, relevant standards, and the geographical area of the EPD to carry out this verification.

I confirm my independence in my role as verifier; I have not been involved in the execution of the LCA or in the development of the declaration and have no conflicts of interest regarding this verification.

HaiHa Nguyen, as an authorized verifier acting for EPD Hub Limited 05.02.2025





